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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/042,817	10/29/2001	Arthur A. Krause	56950CIP-3	7634		
75	590 09/28/2004	EXAM	EXAMINER			
DENNIS H. LAMBERT & ASSOCIATES 7000 View Park Drive			MEEKS, TIMOT	MEEKS, TIMOTHY HOWARD		
Burke, VA 22015			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
,			1762	1762		
			DATE MAILED: 09/28/2004			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.		Applicant(s)					
		10/042,817		KRAUSE ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit					
		Timothy H Meek		1762					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status 1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <i>07 J</i>	lung 2004 and 20	July 2004						
2a)⊠		is action is non-fir							
3)□	,			accoution as to the	morito in				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims									
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1,3-11,14,15 and 17</u> is/are pending ir	the application.		-					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-11, and 15</u> is/are rejected.								
7)🖂	Claim(s) 14 and 17 is/are objected to.								
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers	r election requirer	nent.						
	The specification is objected to by the Examiner	-							
	·		dtabutha Evan	nin o r					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.									
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner. If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.									
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.									
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120									
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).									
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:									
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
	14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.									
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. Attachment(s)									
1) Notice 2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🗌		(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-					

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant has cancelled non-elected claim 16. This has been taken to be an election of the method claims without traverse.

Withdrawn Rejections

The obviousness-type double patenting rejection is overcome by the terminal disclaimer filed on 6/7/04. The 35 USC 112 rejection is overcome by amendments made by applicants.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 15 depends from claim 13 which was canceled. The examiner has assumed claim 15 to depend from claim 9 for the purposes of the art rejections set forth below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

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A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3, and 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Homsy et al. (3,992,221).

Homsy discloses a process comprising exposing a rubber latex article such as a surgical glove to a gaseous mixture containing a small proportion of fluorine gas to nitrogen gas for times and temperatures of a few seconds to an hour and 0 to 40 °C (col. 4, lines 38-65). As shown in the figures, the article hangs loosely from the hanger, which meets the limitation of "placing the article loosely in a chamber" and gas is introduced in the chamber as it is introduced in the article which in turn is in the chamber. The effect of eliminating or reducing antigenic protein would inherently be achieved as the treatment of the articles is basically the same as that claimed and disclosed by applicants to perform said function.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5-11 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Homsy.

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The ranges of time, temperature and pressure of fluorination overlap the claimed ranges. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have selected the overlapping portion of the range disclosed by the reference because overlapping ranges have been held to be a prima facie case of obviousness, see In re Malagari, 182 USPQ 549.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 6/7/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants argue tat Homsy does not disclose placing the article loosely or introducing gas into the chamber. However, these added limitations are disclosed by Homsy as established in the rejection above. Applicants argue that the process conditions of claim 9 are are drastically different from those taught by Homsy. However, as established in the rejection above, the ranges of oxidizing agent content, temperature, pressure, and exposure time disclosed by Homsy include the claimed values. It is well established that It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to select the portion of the prior art's range which is within the range of the applicants' claims because it has been held to be obvious to select values in a known range by optimization for the best results, see In re Aller, et al., 105 USPQ 233. Furthermore, It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have selected the overlapping portion of the range disclosed by the reference because overlapping ranges

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have been held to be a prima facie case of obviousness, see In re Malagari, 182 USPQ 549. A prima facie case of obviousness for using the claimed parameters exists and applicants have provided no evidence in rebuttal thereof.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 14 and 17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The subject matter of these claims is allowable for the reasons established in 09/770,251.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Timothy H Meeks whose telephone number is 571-272-1423. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon 6-6 and T-Th 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shrive Beck can be reached on 571-272-1415. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Timothy H/Meeks Primary Examiner Art Unit 1762 Page 6